

## UBS ANTI-GRAVEL

Printing: 2/03/2020

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Version: 5 (Replaced 4)

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

**1.1 Product identifier:** UBS ANTI-GRAVEL

**1.2 Recommended uses and any restrictions on use or supply:**

Relevant uses: Car repair. For professional user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

**1.3 Supplier's details:**

Troton Sp. z o.o.  
Ząbrowo 14A  
78-120 Gościno - Zachodniopomorskie - Polska  
Phone.: +48 94 35 123 94 - Fax: +48 94 35 126 22  
troton@troton.com.pl  
www.troton.pl

Distributor:  
Wyatt Machine Tools (Rupes) NZ Limited  
388 Church Street, Penrose, Auckland  
Ph (09) 525 1000; Fax (09) 525 1009

**1.4 Emergency phone number:**

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**

**HSNO Act:**

This product was classified in accordance with HSNO Act

2.1.2A: Flammable aerosols, H229

2.1.2A: Flammable aerosols, H222

6.3A: Substances that are irritating to the skin, H315

6.3B: Substances that are mildly irritating to the skin, H316

6.4A: Substances that are irritating to the eye, H319

6.9B: Substances that are harmful to human target organs or systems (narcotic effects), H336

9.1C: Substances that are harmful in the aquatic environment, H412

9.1D: Substances that are slightly harmful to the aquatic environment or are otherwise designed for biocidal action, H402

**2.2 Label elements, including precautionary statements:**

**HSNO Act:**

**Danger**



**Hazard statements:**

2.1.2A: H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated

2.1.2A: H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol

6.3A: H315 - Causes skin irritation

6.3B: H316 - Causes mild skin irritation

6.4A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

6.9B: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

9.1C: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Precautionary statements:**

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F

P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively

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### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

**Substances that contribute to the classification**

N-butyl acetate; Acetone; Ethyl acetate; Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7

**2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification:**

Non-applicable

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**3.1 Substances:**










Non-applicable

**3.2 Mixtures:**

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of chemical products

**Components:**

In accordance with Part B: Concentration cut-offs for ingredients in mixtures for purpose of section 3 of Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 123-86-4	<b>N-butyl acetate</b> 3.1C: H226; 6.9B: H336 - Warning 	10 - <25 %
CAS: 74-98-6	<b>Propane</b> 2.1.1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger 	10 - <25 %
CAS: 106-97-8	<b>Butane</b> 2.1.1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger 	5 - <10 %
CAS: 75-28-5	<b>Isobutane</b> 2.1.1A: H220; Compressed gases: H280 - Danger 	5 - <10 %
CAS: 67-64-1	<b>Acetone</b> 3.1B: H225; 6.4A: H319; 6.9B: H336 - Danger 	5 - <10 %
CAS: 141-78-6	<b>Ethyl acetate</b> 3.1B: H225; 6.1E: H303; 6.4A: H319; 6.9B: H336 - Danger 	5 - <10 %
CAS: 64742-49-0	<b>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, &lt; 0.1 % EC 200-753-7</b> 3.1B: H225; 6.1E : H304; 6.3A: H315; 6.9B: H336; 9.1B: H411; 9.1D: H401 - Danger 	2,5 - <5 %
CAS: 64742-95-6	<b>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., &lt; 0.1 % EC 200-753-7</b> 3.1C: H226; 6.1E : H304; 6.1E: H303; 6.3A: H315; 6.9B: H336; 9.1B: H411; 9.1D: H401 - Danger 	2,5 - <5 %
CAS: 8050-09-7	<b>Rosin</b>	2,5 - <5 %
CAS: 1330-20-7	<b>Xylene</b> 3.1C: H226; 6.1D: H312+H332; 6.1E: H303; 6.3A: H315 - Warning 	1 - <2,5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

### SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

**4.1 First aid instructions according to each relevant route of exposure:**

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

**By inhalation:**

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

**By skin contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

**By eye contact:**

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### SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

#### By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of medical attention and its urgency:

Non-applicable

### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Information on the appropriate type of extinguishers or fire-fighting agents:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

#### 5.2 Advice on specific hazards that may arise from the substance:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

#### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions from accidental spills and release:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

#### 6.3 Advice on how to contain and clean up a spill or release:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

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### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

**B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions**

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Avoid splashes and pulverizations. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

**C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks**

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

**D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks**

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

**A.- Technical measures for storage**

Minimum Temp.:            15 °C  
Maximum Temp.:            25 °C  
Maximum time:            12 Months

**B.- General conditions for storage**

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

**7.3 Specific end use(s):**

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**8.1 Occupational exposure limits:**

Substances whose workplace exposure standards (WES) have to be monitored in the work environment

Identification	OEL		
	TWA	STEL	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	150 ppm		713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		200 ppm	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Butane CAS: 106-97-8	800 ppm		1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1	500 ppm		1185 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		1000 ppm	2375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	200 ppm		720 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	50 ppm		217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>


**8.2 Engineering controls:**

**A.- Identification of the specific types of personal protective equipment**

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

**B.- Respiratory protection**


Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (A)	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

**C.- Specific protection for the hands**

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#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves (NBR), Breakthrough Time 480 min, thickness 0.4 mm	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application



#### D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

#### E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

#### F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

#### Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

##### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

##### Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Aerosol  
Appearance: Volatile  
Colour: According to the markings on the package  
Odour: Not available  
Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

##### Volatility:

Initial boiling point and boiling range: -42 °C (Propellant)  
Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 350000 Pa  
Vapour pressure at 50 °C: <300000 Pa (300 kPa)

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

**Product description:**

Density at 20 °C: 837 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Relative density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: Non-applicable \*

Concentration: Non-applicable \*

pH: Non-applicable \*

Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Solubility in water at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Solubility properties: Non-applicable \*

Decomposition temperature: Non-applicable \*

Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable \*

Recipient pressure: Non-applicable \*

Explosive properties: Non-applicable \*

Oxidising properties: Non-applicable \*

**Flammability:**

Flash Point: <-104 °C (Propellant)

Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable \*

Autoignition temperature: 410 °C (Propellant)

Lower flammability limit: 1.2 % Volume

Upper flammability limit: 10.9 % Volume

**Explosive:**

Lower explosive limit: Non-applicable \*

Upper explosive limit: Non-applicable \*

**9.2 Other information:**

Surface tension at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Refraction index: Non-applicable \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Chemical reactivity:**

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

**10.2 Chemical stability:**

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:**

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

**10.4 List of conditions to avoid or prevent a hazardous situation:**

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

**10.5 Information on incompatible substances or materials:**

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
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**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)**

Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases
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**10.6 Information on hazardous decomposition products:**

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects:**

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

**Dangerous health implications:**

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.  
IARC: Xylene (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

**Other information:**

Non-applicable



Safety data sheet

According to Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

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**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

**Specific toxicology information on the substances:**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	Route	Dose	
Propane CAS: 74-98-6	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
Butane CAS: 106-97-8	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	658 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Isobutane CAS: 75-28-5	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1	LD50 oral	5800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	7426 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	76 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-49-0	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	2000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

**12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial):**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
	Route	Dose		
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	LC50	62 mg/L (96 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
	EC50	73 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1	LC50	5540 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	23.5 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3400 mg/L (48 h)	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Algae
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	LC50	230 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	717 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3300 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-49-0	LC50	1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Crustacean
	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Algae

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#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6	LC50	1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Crustacean
	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Algae
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7	LC50	150 mg/L (96 h)	Brachydanio rerio	Fish
	EC50	238 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	185 mg/L (72 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	0.79	% Biodegradable	84 %
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	0.96	% Biodegradable	96 %
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	BOD5	1.36 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1.69 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.81	% Biodegradable	83 %
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6	BOD5	0.19 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	0.44 g O2/g	Period	Non-applicable
	BOD5/COD	0.43	% Biodegradable	Non-applicable
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	32 %
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %

#### 12.3 Potential to be bioaccumulative:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	BCF	4
	Pow Log	1.78
	Potential	Low
Propane CAS: 74-98-6	BCF	13
	Pow Log	2.86
	Potential	Low
Butane CAS: 106-97-8	BCF	33
	Pow Log	2.89
	Potential	Moderate
Isobutane CAS: 75-28-5	BCF	27
	Pow Log	2.76
	Potential	Low
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1	BCF	1
	Pow Log	-0.24
	Potential	Low
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	BCF	30
	Pow Log	0.73
	Potential	Moderate

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### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6	BCF	
	Pow Log	4
	Potential	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
Propane CAS: 74-98-6	Koc	460	Henry	71636.78 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	7.02E-3 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Butane CAS: 106-97-8	Koc	900	Henry	96258.75 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Low	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	1.187E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Isobutane CAS: 75-28-5	Koc	35	Henry	120576.75 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	9.84E-3 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Acetone CAS: 67-64-1	Koc	1	Henry	2.93 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.304E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	Koc	59	Henry	13.58 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.324E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	Koc	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Appropriate and achievable disposal methods:

##### Special precautions to be taken during disposal:

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

##### Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

Imports and Exports (Restrictions) Prohibition Order (No 2) 2004

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to NZS 5433.1:2012 Transport of dangerous goods on land

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### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- |   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| <b>14.1 UN number:</b>  | UN1950              |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>  | AEROSOLS, flammable |
| <b>14.3 UN dangerous goods class and subsidiary risk:</b>                             | 2                   |
| Labels:   | 2.1                 |
| <b>14.4 UN Packing Group:</b>   | N/A                 |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards:</b>  | No                  |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>  |                     |
| Physico-Chemical properties:  | see section 9       |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:</b> | Non-applicable      |

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 38-16:



- |   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| <b>14.1 UN number:</b>  | UN1950              |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>  | AEROSOLS, flammable |
| <b>14.3 UN dangerous goods class and subsidiary risk:</b>                             | 2                   |
| Labels:   | 2.1                 |
| <b>14.4 UN Packing Group:</b>   | N/A                 |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards:</b>  | No                  |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>  |                     |
| Physico-Chemical properties:  | see section 9       |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:</b> | Non-applicable      |

#### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2020:



- |   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| <b>14.1 UN number:</b>  | UN1950              |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>  | AEROSOLS, flammable |
| <b>14.3 UN dangerous goods class and subsidiary risk:</b>                             | 2                   |
| Labels:   | 2.1                 |
| <b>14.4 UN Packing Group:</b>   | N/A                 |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards:</b>  | No                  |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>  |                     |
| Physico-Chemical properties:  | see section 9       |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:</b> | Non-applicable      |

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

##### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

##### Relevant regulatory requirements:

Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Health and Safety at Work Act 2015

Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017

Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017

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Safety data sheet

According to Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

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**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Schedule 1: Content and format of safety data sheets of Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:**

- H319: Causes serious eye irritation
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H316: Causes mild skin irritation
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H402: Harmful to aquatic life
- H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated
- H222: Extremely flammable aerosol

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:**

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

**HSNO Act:**

- 2.1.1A: H220 - Extremely flammable gas
- 3.1B: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- 3.1C: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
- 6.1D: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
- 6.1E : H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- 6.1E: H303 - May be harmful if swallowed
- 6.3A: H315 - Causes skin irritation
- 6.4A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
- 6.9B: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- 9.1B: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- 9.1D: H401 - Toxic to aquatic life
- Compressed gases: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated
- Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated

**Advice related to training:**

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

**Principal bibliographical sources:**

<https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

**Abbreviations and acronyms:**

- HSNO Act: Hazardous substances and new organisms Act
- IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
- COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
- BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50
- CL50: Lethal Concentration 50
- EC50: Effective concentration 50
- Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient
- Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

**Other information:**

GROUP STANDARD  
HSR002515

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.